

# Material Safety Data Sheet

HAZARD WARNINGS	RISK PHRASES	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
  	Toxic compound, do not ingest or inhale. Avoid all contact with this material. Irritating to skin, eyes, and the respiratory system. POSSIBLE CARCINOGEN. MINIMIZE EXPOSURE.	   

## Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Chemical Name	<b>4-Phenylazoaniline</b>		
Catalog Number	P0141	Supplier	TCl America 9211 N. Harborgate St. Portland OR 1-800-423-8616
Synonym	AAB, 4-Aminoazobenzene		
Chemical Formula	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N:NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>		
CAS Number	60-09-3	In case of Emergency Call	<b>Chemtrec®</b> <b>(800) 424-9300 (U.S.)</b> <b>(703) 527-3887 (International)</b>

## Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent (%)	TLV/PEL	Toxicology Data
4-Phenylazoaniline	60-09-3	Min. 95.0 (T)	This chemical is classified as a possible carcinogen. There is no acceptable exposure limit for a carcinogen.	Mouse LD <sub>50</sub> (intraperitoneal) 200 mg/kg

## Section III. Hazards Identification

Acute Health Effects	Toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid prolonged contact with this material. Overexposure may result in serious illness or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.
Chronic Health Effects	<p><b>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Classified by the IARC as a Group 2B carcinogen. (sufficient evidence in animals, no adequate data in humans)</p> <p>Tumorigenic: Rat (oral) 89000 mg/kg/57W-C. Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria.</p> <p>Tumorigenic: Rat (dermal) 1965 mg/kg/2Y-I. Neoplastic agent by RTECS criteria.</p> <p>Tumorigenic: Mouse (intraperitoneal) 3353 µg/kg. Neoplastic agent by RTECS criteria.</p> <p>Tumorigenic: Mouse (subcutaneous) 296 mg/kg. Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria.</p> <p><b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available.</p> <p><b>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available.</p> <p><b>DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY</b> Not available.</p> <p>Repeated exposure to an highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.</p>

## Section IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. COLD water may be used. DO NOT use an eye ointment. Flush eyes with running water for a minimum of 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical attention. Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Skin Contact	If the chemical gets spilled on a clothed portion of the body, remove the contaminated clothes as quickly as possible, protecting your own hands and body. Place the victim under a deluge shower. If the chemical touches the victim's exposed skin, such as the hands: Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. COLD water may be used. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Seek medical attention. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Wash any contaminated clothing before reusing.
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. WARNING: It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention and, if possible, show the chemical label. Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Ingestion	INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Seek immediate medical attention and, if possible, show the chemical label. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**Section V. Fire and Explosion Data**

Flammability	Combustible.	Auto-Ignition	Not available.
Flash Points	Not available.	Flammable Limits	Not available.
Combustion Products	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO <sub>2</sub> ).		
Fire Hazards	No specific information is available regarding the flammability of this compound in the presence of various materials.		
Explosion Hazards	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. No additional information is available regarding the risks of explosion.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray or foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet.		

**Section VI. Accidental Release Measures**

Spill Cleanup Instructions	Toxic solid. Irritating solid. Harmful solid. Stop leak if without risk. DO NOT get water inside container. DO NOT touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Consult federal, state, and/or local authorities for assistance on disposal.
----------------------------	---

**Section VII. Handling and Storage**

Handling and Storage Information	TOXIC. IRRITANT. POSSIBLE CARCINOGEN. Handle with caution and minimize exposure. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Mechanical exhaust required. When not in use, tightly seal the container and store in a dry, cool place. Avoid excessive heat and light. DO NOT ingest. DO NOT breathe dust. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Always store away from incompatible compounds such as oxidizing agents.
----------------------------------	---

**Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

Engineering Controls	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.
Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator must be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product. 
Exposure Limits	This chemical is classified as a possible carcinogen. There is no acceptable exposure limit for a carcinogen.

**Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical state @ 20°C	Rust powder.	Solubility	Easily soluble in diethyl ether, alcohol, benzene, chloroform. Partially soluble in cold water, hot water.
Specific Gravity	Not available.	Partition Coefficient	Not available.
Molecular Weight	197.24	Vapor Pressure	Not available.
Boiling Point	>360°C (698°F)	Vapor Density	Not available.
Melting Point	123 to 126°C (253.4 to 258.8°F)	Volatility	Not available.
Refractive Index	Not available.	Odor	Not available.
Critical Temperature	Not available.	Taste	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.		

**Section X. Stability and Reactivity Data**

Stability	This material is stable if stored under proper conditions. (See Section VII for instructions)
Conditions of Instability	Avoid excessive heat and light.
Incompatibilities	Reactive with oxidizing agents.

**Section XI. Toxicological Information**

RTECS Number	BY8225000
Routes of Exposure	Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. Skin contact.
Toxicity Data	Mouse LD <sub>50</sub> (intraperitoneal) 200 mg/kg
Chronic Toxic Effects	<p><b>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Classified by the IARC as a Group 2B carcinogen. (sufficient evidence in animals, no adequate data in humans)  Tumorigenic: Rat (oral) 89000 mg/kg/57W-C. Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria.  Tumorigenic: Rat (dermal) 1965 mg/kg/2Y-I. Neoplastic agent by RTECS criteria.  Tumorigenic: Mouse (intraperitoneal) 3353 µg/kg. Neoplastic agent by RTECS criteria.  Tumorigenic: Mouse (subcutaneous) 296 mg/kg. Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria.</p> <p><b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available.  <b>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available.  <b>DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY</b> Not available.  Repeated exposure to an highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.</p>
Acute Toxic Effects	Toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid prolonged contact with this material. Overexposure may result in serious illness or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.

**Section XII. Ecological Information**

Ecotoxicity	Not available.
Environmental Fate	4-Aminoazobenzene may be released to the environment in wastewater during its production and use as a dye and as a chemical intermediate. If released on land, 4-aminoazobenzene should bind strongly to soil and undergo soil- or clay-catalyzed oxidation and possibly biodegrade. If released in water, it should bind strongly to sediment and undergo soil- or clay-catalyzed oxidation, photolyze, or biodegrade. It should not bioconcentrate appreciably in aquatic organisms. However, because of the lack of experimental data, the fate of 4-aminoazobenzene in natural waters is unknown. In the atmosphere, 4-aminoazobenzene should exist primarily adsorbed to particulate matter and in aerosols and be subject to gravitational settling. Vapor phase 4-aminoazobenzene would degrade by reacting with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals (half-life 5.8 hr). Human exposure is primarily in the workplace via dermal contact. (HSDB)

**Section XIII. Disposal Considerations**

Waste Disposal	Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local or regional authorities. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. Observe all federal, state, and local regulations when disposing of this substance.
----------------	--

**Section XIV. Transport Information**

DOT Classification	DOT CLASS 6.1: Toxic material.
PIN Number	UN2811
Proper Shipping Name	Toxic solids, organic, n.o.s.
Packing Group (PG)	III
DOT Pictograms	

**Section XV. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms**

TSCA Chemical Inventory (EPA)	This compound is <b>ON</b> the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory list.
WHMIS Classification (Canada)	WHMIS CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).
EINECS Number (EEC)	200-453-6
EEC Risk Statements	R28- Very toxic if swallowed. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.
Japanese Regulatory Data	Not available.

**Section XVI. Other Information****Version 1.0****Validated on 7/30/1997.****Printed 3/17/2005.****Notice to Reader**

TCl laboratory chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our MSDS sheets are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated MSDS sheets for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, facial mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state, and local regulations.

Printed 3/17/2005.