

# Material Safety Data Sheet

HAZARD WARNINGS	RISK PHRASES	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
	The health risks of this compound have not been fully determined. Exposure may cause irritation of the skin, eyes, and respiratory system.	   

## Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Chemical Name	<b>Phthalic Acid Diisobutyl Ester</b>		
Catalog Number	P0298	Supplier	TCI America 9211 N. Harborgate St. Portland OR 1-800-423-8616
Synonym	Di-Iso-Butyl Phthalate		
Chemical Formula	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> [COOCH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>		
CAS Number	84-69-5	In case of Emergency Call	<b>Chemtrec®</b> <b>(800) 424-9300 (U.S.)</b> <b>(703) 527-3887 (International)</b>

## Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent (%)	TLV/PEL	Toxicology Data
Phthalic Acid Diisobutyl Ester	84-69-5	Min. 98.0 (GC)	Not available.	Rat LD <sub>50</sub> (oral) 15gm/kg Rat LD <sub>50</sub> (intraperitoneal) 3750ul/kg

## Section III. Hazards Identification

Acute Health Effects	No specific information is available in our data base regarding the toxic effects of this material for humans. However, exposure to any chemical should be kept to a minimum. Skin and eye contact may result in irritation. May be harmful if inhaled or ingested. Always follow safe industrial hygiene practices and wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.
Chronic Health Effects	<b>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available. <b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available. <b>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available. Toxicity to the reproductive system: Not available. There is no known effect from chronic exposure to this product. Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

## Section IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. DO NOT use an eye ointment. Flush eyes with running water for a minimum of 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical attention. Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Skin Contact	If the chemical gets spilled on a clothed portion of the body, remove the contaminated clothes as quickly as possible, protecting your own hands and body. Place the victim under a deluge shower. If the chemical touches the victim's exposed skin, such as the hands: Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Seek medical attention. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Wash any contaminated clothing before reusing.
Inhalation	If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, oxygen can be administered. Seek medical attention. Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Ingestion	Remove dentures if any. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. NEVER give an unconscious person anything to ingest. Seek medical attention. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## Section V. Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability	Combustible.	Auto-Ignition	Not available.
Flash Points	167°C (332.6°F)	Flammable Limits	Not available.
Combustion Products	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ).		
Fire Hazards	No specific information is available regarding the flammability of this compound in the presence of various materials.		
Explosion Hazards	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. No additional information is available regarding the risks of explosion.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray or foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet.		

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Emergency phone number (800) 424-9300

**Section VI. Accidental Release Measures**Spill Cleanup  
Instructions

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Mechanical exhaust required. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Finish cleaning the spill by rinsing any contaminated surfaces with copious amounts of water. Consult federal, state, and/or local authorities for assistance on disposal.

**Section VII. Handling and Storage**Handling and Storage  
Information

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Mechanical exhaust required. When not in use, tightly seal the container and store in a dry, cool place. Avoid excessive heat and light. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Always store away from incompatible compounds such as oxidizing agents.

**Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

## Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower is proximal to the work-station location.

## Personal Protection

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator must be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.



## Exposure Limits

Not available.

**Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical state @ 20°C	Liquid.	Solubility	Insoluble in cold water.
Specific Gravity	1.04 (water=1)		
Molecular Weight	278.35	Partition Coefficient	Not available.
Boiling Point	295 to 298°C (563 to 568.4°F)	Vapor Pressure	Not available.
Melting Point	-64°C (-83.2°F)	Vapor Density	9.59 (Air = 1)
Refractive Index	Not available.	Volatility	Not available.
Critical Temperature	Not available.	Odor	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.	Taste	Not available.

**Section X. Stability and Reactivity Data**

## Stability

This material is stable if stored under proper conditions. (See Section VII for instructions)

## Conditions of Instability

Avoid excessive heat and light.

## Incompatibilities

Reactive with strong oxidizing agents.

**Section XI. Toxicological Information**

## RTECS Number

T11225000

## Routes of Exposure

Eye contact. Ingestion. Inhalation. Skin contact.

## Toxicity Data

Rat LD<sub>50</sub>(oral) 15gm/kg  
Rat LD<sub>50</sub>(intraperitoneal) 3750ul/kg

## Chronic Toxic Effects

**CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS** : Not available.  
**MUTAGENIC EFFECTS** : Not available.  
**TERATOGENIC EFFECTS** : Not available.  
Toxicity to the reproductive system: Not available.  
There is no known effect from chronic exposure to this product. Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

## Acute Toxic Effects

No specific information is available in our data base regarding the toxic effects of this material for humans. However, exposure to any chemical should be kept to a minimum. Skin and eye contact may result in irritation. May be harmful if inhaled or ingested. Always follow safe industrial hygiene practices and wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.

**Section XII. Ecological Information**

Ecotoxicity Not available.

Environmental Fate Diisobutyl phthalate may be released to the environment during its production, transport, disposal, and use as a plasticizer. It is also emitted by coal and refuse burning facilities and is released in wastewater by pulp and paper and other industries as well as waste-water treatment plants. It may also be produced naturally. If diisobutyl phthalate is released to soil, it would be expected to adsorb strongly to soil and/or biodegrade. There is evidence that it may leach into groundwater and that there is considerable volatilization losses from plant surfaces. Similarly, if released to water it would be expected to adsorb to sediment and particulate matter in the water column and/or biodegrade. Volatilization from water should not be significant. It is expected to have a moderately large potential for bioconcentrating in fish. If released in air, diisobutyl phthalate will exist partly in the vapor phase and partly in the form of an aerosol and be subject to gravitational settling. The vapor phase ester should react with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals with an estimated half-life of 1.8 days. Human exposure is from air, drinking water and possibly food as well as in the workplace. (SRC) \*\*PEER REVIEWED\*\*

**Section XIII. Disposal Considerations**

Waste Disposal Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local or regional authorities. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. Observe all federal, state, and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

**Section XIV. Transport Information**

DOT Classification Not a DOT controlled material (United States).

PIN Number NONE

Proper Shipping Name NONE

Packing Group (PG) NONE

DOT Pictograms

**Section XV. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms**

TSCA Chemical Inventory (EPA) This product is **ON** the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

WHMIS Classification (Canada) Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

EINECS Number (EEC) Not available.

EEC Risk Statements Not available.

Japanese Regulatory Data Not available.

**Section XVI. Other Information****Version 1.0****Validated on 3/21/1997.****Printed 3/17/2005.****Notice to Reader**

TCI laboratory chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, household, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our MSDS sheets are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated MSDS sheets for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, facial mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state, and local regulations.