

HAZARD WARNINGS			RISK PHRASES	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
			Toxic compound, do not ingest or inhale. Avoid all contact with this material. Irritating to skin, eyes, and the respiratory system. Environmental hazard.	   

Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Chemical Name	Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate [for Electrophoresis]		
Catalog Number	S0588	Supplier	TCl America 9211 N. Harborgate St. Portland OR 1-800-423-8616
Synonym	Sodium Lauryl Sulfate		
Chemical Formula	C ₁₂ H ₂₅ NaO ₄ S		
CAS Number	151-21-3	In case of Emergency Call	Chemtrec® (800) 424-9300 (U.S.) (703) 527-3887 (International)

Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent (%)	TLV/PEL	Toxicology Data
Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate <small>(for Electrophoresis)</small>	151-21-3	Min. 95.0 (GC,T)	Not available.	Rat LD ₅₀ (oral) 12858 mg/kg Rat LC ₅₀ (inhalation) >3900 mg/m ³ /4H Rabbit LD ₅₀ (dermal) 580 mg/kg

Section III. Hazards Identification

Acute Health Effects	Toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid prolonged contact with this material. Overexposure may result in serious illness or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.
Chronic Health Effects	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS : Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS : Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS : Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY Reproductive Effects: Mouse TDLo (Dermal) 480 mg/kg, female 6-13 days fo pregnancy. Toxic Effects: Effects on Embryo or Fetus - Fetotoxicity Repeated exposure to an highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

Section IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, oxygen can be administered. Seek medical attention if respiration problems do not improve.
Ingestion	INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive.

Section V. Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Auto-Ignition	Not available.
Flash Points	Not available.	Flammable Limits	Not available.
Combustion Products	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), sulfur oxides (SO _x). Some metallic oxides.		
Fire Hazards	Not available.		

Continued on Next Page

Emergency phone number (800) 424-9300

[for Electrophoresis]

Explosion Hazards Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available.
Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.
LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet.
Consult with local fire authorities before attempting large scale fire-fighting operations.

Section VI. Accidental Release Measures

Spill Cleanup Instructions Toxic Material. Irritating Material. Environmentally Hazardous Material.
Stop leak if without risk. DO NOT get water inside container. DO NOT touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all sources of ignition.
Consult federal, state, and/or local authorities for assistance on disposal.

Section VII. Handling and Storage

Handling and Storage Information TOXIC. IRRITANT. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD. Keep locked up.. Keep away from heat. Mechanical exhaust required. When not in use, tightly seal the container and store in a dry, cool place. Avoid excessive heat and light. DO NOT ingest. Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Always store away from incompatible compounds such as oxidizing agents.

Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator must be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.



Exposure Limits Not available.

Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state @ 20°C	Solid.	Solubility	Soluble in Water 1g/10 mL.
Specific Gravity	Not available.		
Molecular Weight	288.38	Partition Coefficient	Log P _{ow} 1.6
Boiling Point	Not available.	Vapor Pressure	Not applicable.
Melting Point	204 to 207°C (399.2 to 404.6°F)	Vapor Density	Not available.
Refractive Index	1.461	Volatility	Not available.
Critical Temperature	Not available.	Odor	Fatty. (Slight.)
Viscosity	Not available.	Taste	Not available.

Section X. Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability This material is stable if stored under proper conditions. (See Section VII for instructions)

Conditions of Instability Avoid excessive heat and light.

Incompatibilities Reactive with strong oxidizing agents.

Section XI. Toxicological Information

RTECS Number WT1050000

Routes of Exposure Eye Contact. Ingestion. Inhalation. Skin contact.

Toxicity Data Rat LD₅₀ (oral) 12858 mg/kg
Rat LC₅₀ (inhalation) >3900 mg/m³/4H
Rabbit LD₅₀ (dermal) 580 mg/kg

Chronic Toxic Effects **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS** : Not available.
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TERATOGENIC EFFECTS : Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY Reproductive Effects:
Mouse TDLo (Dermal) 480 mg/kg, female 6-13 days fo pregnancy.
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Continued on Next Page

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Section XII. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity	Not available.
Environmental Fate	Sodium lauryl sulfate's production and use as a surfactant may result in its release to the environment through various waste streams. If released to air, an estimated vapor pressure of 4.7X10 ⁻¹³ mm Hg at 25 deg C indicates sodium lauryl sulfate will exist solely in the particulate phase in the ambient atmosphere. Particulate-phase sodium lauryl sulfate will be removed from the atmosphere by wet and dry deposition. If released to soil, sodium lauryl sulfate is expected to have no mobility based upon an estimated Koc of 1.0X10 ⁺⁴ . Volatilization from moist soil surfaces is not expected to be an important fate process based upon a water solubility of 1.00X10 ⁺⁵ mg/l and that it is a salt. Sodium lauryl sulfate is not expected to volatilize from dry soil surfaces based upon its estimated vapor pressure. Approximately 60% of sodium lauryl sulfate, present at 10 mg/kg, was mineralized in a creosote-contaminated sandy loam soil in 10 days. If released into water, sodium lauryl sulfate is expected to adsorb to suspended solids and sediment in water based upon the estimated Koc. Approximately 80% of the initial concentration (approximately 25 ppm) of sodium lauryl sulfate was biodegraded in four samples of surface water in 50-140 hours, depending upon the season in which the samples were collected and inoculum source. Volatilization from water surfaces is not expected to be an important fate process based upon this compound's water solubility and that it is a salt. An estimated BCF of 71 suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is moderate. Hydrolysis of sodium lauryl sulfate is not expected to occur due to the lack of hydrolyzable functional groups. Occupational exposure to sodium lauryl sulfate may occur through inhalation of dust particles and dermal contact with this compound at workplaces where sodium lauryl sulfate is produced or used. The general population may be exposed through the use of food additives and other consumer products such as detergents, shampoos, and toothpaste products containing this compound.

Section XIII. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local regional authorities. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.
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Section XIV. Transport Information

DOT Classification	DOT Class 6.1: Toxic material
PIN Number	UN2811
Proper Shipping Name	Toxic solid, organic, n.o.s.
Packing Group (PG)	III
DOT Pictograms	

**Section XV. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms**

TSCA Chemical Inventory (EPA)	This compound is ON the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory list.
WHMIS Classification (Canada)	CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).
EINECS Number (EEC)	205-788-1
EEC Risk Statements	R20/22- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. R24- Toxic in contact with skin. R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R52- Harmful to aquatic organisms. R53- May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Japanese Regulatory Data	ENCS No. 2-1675; 2-1679

Section XVI. Other Information

Version 1.0
Validated on 4/21/2008.
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Notice to Reader**Continued on Next Page****Emergency phone number (800) 424-9300**

[for Electrophoresis]

TCl laboratory chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our MSDS sheets are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated MSDS sheets for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, facial mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state, and local regulations.