

# Material Safety Data Sheet

HAZARD WARNINGS	RISK PHRASES	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
	Irritating to skin, eyes, and the respiratory system. Hygroscopic -- keep container tightly sealed.	

## Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Chemical Name	<b>Tripropylene Glycol</b> (mixture of isomers)		
Catalog Number	T0523	Supplier	TCI America 9211 N. Harborside St. Portland OR 1-800-423-8616
Synonym	Propanol, ((1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(oxy))bis- (9 Cl)		
Chemical Formula	HO[CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> O] <sub>3</sub> H		
CAS Number	24800-44-0	In case of Emergency Call	<b>Chemtrec®</b> <b>(800) 424-9300 (U.S.)</b> <b>(703) 527-3887 (International)</b>

## Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent (%)	TLV/PEL	Toxicology Data
Tripropylene Glycol (mixture of isomers)	24800-44-0	Not available.	Not available.	Rat LD <sub>50</sub> (oral) 3gm/kg

## Section III. Hazards Identification

Acute Health Effects	Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.
Chronic Health Effects	<b>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available. <b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available. <b>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Not available. <b>DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY</b> : Not available. Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

## Section IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, oxygen can be administered. Seek medical attention if respiration problems do not improve.
Ingestion	INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive.

## Section V. Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Auto-Ignition	Not available.
Flash Points	113°C (235.4°F) (C.C.) 146°C (294.8°F) (O.C.)	Flammable Limits	LOWER: 0.8% UPPER: 5.0%
Combustion Products	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ).		
Fire Hazards	Not available.		
Explosion Hazards	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet. Consult with local fire authorities before attempting large scale fire-fighting operations.		

**Section VI. Accidental Release Measures**Spill Cleanup  
Instructions

Irritating material. Hygroscopic material.  
Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal. Finish cleaning the spill by rinsing any contaminated surfaces with copious amounts of water. Consult federal, state, and/or local authorities for assistance on disposal.

**Section VII. Handling and Storage**Handling and Storage  
Information

IRRITANT. HYGROSCOPIC. Keep away from heat. Mechanical exhaust required. When not in use, tightly seal the container and store in a dry, cool place. Avoid excessive heat and light. DO NOT ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Treat symptomatically and supportively.  
Always store away from incompatible compounds such as oxidizing agents.

**Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

## Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower is proximal to the work-station location.

## Personal Protection

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.



## Exposure Limits

Not available.

**Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties**

## Physical state @ 20°C

Liquid. (Clear, colorless viscous liquid.)

## Solubility

Soluble in water, methanol, ether.  
Miscible with alcohol.

## Specific Gravity

1.02 (water=1)

## Molecular Weight

192.25

## Partition Coefficient

Not available.

## Boiling Point

273°C (523.4°F)

## Vapor Pressure

0.1 kPa (@ 96°C)

## Melting Point

<-30°C (-22°F)

## Vapor Density

6.63 (Air = 1)

## Refractive Index

1.445

## Volatility

Not available.

## Critical Temperature

Not available.

## Odor

Odorless.

## Viscosity

Not available.

## Taste

Not available.

**Section X. Stability and Reactivity Data**

## Stability

This material is stable if stored under proper conditions. (See Section VII for instructions)

## Conditions of Instability

Avoid excessive heat and light.

## Incompatibilities

Reactive with strong oxidizing agents.

**Section XI. Toxicological Information**

## RTECS Number

YK6825000

## Routes of Exposure

Eye Contact. Ingestion. Inhalation.

## Toxicity Data

Rat LD<sub>50</sub> (oral) 3gm/kg

## Chronic Toxic Effects

**CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS** : Not available.  
**MUTAGENIC EFFECTS** : Not available.  
**TERATOGENIC EFFECTS** : Not available.  
**DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY**: Not available.  
Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

## Acute Toxic Effects

Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.  
Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.

**Section XII. Ecological Information**

Ecotoxicity Not available.

Environmental Fate Tripropylene glycol's production and use in the manufacture of polyester polyols for urethane applications, in the manufacture of hydraulic and brake fluids, inks and some paints, and as a precursor of low molecular mass esters and polyesters may result in its release to the environment through various waste streams. If released to the atmosphere, tripropylene glycol should exist in both the vapor and particulate phases based on an estimated vapor pressure of  $3.2 \times 10^{-4}$  mm Hg at 25 deg C. Vapor-phase tripropylene glycol is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals with an estimated half-life of about 3 hours. Particulate-phase tripropylene glycol may be physically removed from the air by wet and dry deposition. An estimated K<sub>oc</sub> of 13 suggests that tripropylene glycol will have very high mobility in soil. By analogy to dipropylene glycol, a structurally similar compound, tripropylene glycol is expected to be resistant to biodegradation in both soil and water. Dipropylene glycol in a five day BOD test, reached 0-5% of the theoretical oxygen demand; over a four week period, only 0-3% by BOD was degraded. Tripropylene glycol is not expected to volatilize from moist soil or water surfaces based on an estimated Henry's Law constant of  $3.3 \times 10^{-15}$  atm-cu m/mole. Bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is unlikely given an estimated BCF value of 0. Exposure to tripropylene glycol may occur occupationally during its production or during its use in the manufacture of other products. (HSDB)

**Section XIII. Disposal Considerations**

Waste Disposal Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local regional authorities. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

**Section XIV. Transport Information**

DOT Classification Not a DOT controlled material (United States).

PIN Number Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name Not applicable.

Packing Group (PG) Not applicable.

DOT Pictograms

**Section XV. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms**

TSCA Chemical Inventory (EPA) This compound is **ON** the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory list.

WHMIS Classification (Canada) On DSL.

EINECS Number (EEC) Not available.

EEC Risk Statements R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Japanese Regulatory Data Not available.

**Section XVI. Other Information**

**Version 1.0**  
**Validated on 5/17/2004.**  
**Printed 3/3/2011.**

**Notice to Reader**

TCI laboratory chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our MSDS sheets are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated MSDS sheets for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, facial mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state, and local regulations.