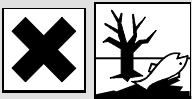


Material Safety Data Sheet

HAZARD WARNINGS	RISK PHRASES	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
	Harmful compound, minimize exposure. Irritating to skin, eyes, and the respiratory system. Environmental hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects to the aquatic environment.	

Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Chemical Name	Tamsulosin Hydrochloride		
Catalog Number	T2749	Supplier	TCI America 9211 N. Harborside St. Portland OR 1-800-423-8616
Synonym	5-[(R)-2-[2-(2-Ethoxyphenoxy)ethylamino]propyl]-2-methoxybenzenesulfonamide Hydrochloride		
Chemical Formula	C ₂₀ H ₂₈ N ₂ O ₅ S·HCl		
CAS Number	106463-17-6	In case of Emergency Call	Chemtrec® (800) 424-9300 (U.S.) (703) 527-3887 (International)

Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent (%)	TLV/PEL	Toxicology Data
Tamsulosin Hydrochloride	106463-17-6	Min. 98.0 (HPLC, T)	Not available.	Not available.

Section III. Hazards Identification

Acute Health Effects	Harmful if ingested or inhaled. Minimize exposure to this material. Severe overexposure can result in injury or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.
Chronic Health Effects	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS : Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS : Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS : Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY : Not available. Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

Section IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, oxygen can be administered. Seek medical attention if respiration problems do not improve.
Ingestion	INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive.

Section V. Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Auto-Ignition	Not available.
Flash Points	Not available.	Flammable Limits	Not available.
Combustion Products	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO ₂), sulfur oxides (SO ₂ , SO ₃ ...), halogenated compounds. WARNING: Highly toxic HCl gas is produced during combustion.		
Fire Hazards	Not available.		
Explosion Hazards	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet. Consult with local fire authorities before attempting large scale fire-fighting operations.		

Section VI. Accidental Release MeasuresSpill Cleanup
Instructions

Harmful material. Irritating material. Environmentally hazardous material.
Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Consult federal, state, and/or local authorities for assistance on disposal.

Section VII. Handling and StorageHandling and Storage
Information

HARMFUL. IRRITANT. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD. Keep away from heat. Mechanical exhaust required. When not in use, tightly seal the container and store in a dry, cool place. Avoid excessive heat and light. Do not breathe dust.

Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.



Exposure Limits

Not available.

Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state @ 20°C

Solid. (Crystal, powder. White, very pale yellow.)

Solubility

Not available.

Specific Gravity

Not available.

Molecular Weight

444.97

Partition Coefficient

LOG P_{ow}: 2.41

Boiling Point

Not available.

Vapor Pressure

Not applicable.

Melting Point

230°C (446°F)

Vapor Density

15.36 (Air = 1)

Refractive Index

Not available.

Volatility

Not available.

Critical Temperature

Not available.

Odor

Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

Taste

Not available.

Section X. Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability

This material is stable if stored under proper conditions. (See Section VII for instructions)

Conditions of Instability

Avoid excessive heat and light.

Incompatibilities

Reactive with strong oxidizing agents.

Section XI. Toxicological Information

RTECS Number

DB2430000

Routes of Exposure

Eye Contact. Ingestion. Inhalation.

Toxicity Data

Not available.

Chronic Toxic Effects

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS : Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS : Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS : Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.
Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

Acute Toxic Effects

Harmful if ingested or inhaled. Minimize exposure to this material. Severe overexposure can result in injury or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.
Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.

Section XII. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Not available.

Environmental Fate	Sorbic acid's production and use almost exclusively as a preservative in foods, animal feeds, tobacco, cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals may result in its release to the environment through various waste streams. If released to the atmosphere, sorbic acid is expected to exist solely in the vapor phase in the ambient atmosphere based on an estimated vapor pressure of 9.9X10 ⁻³ mm Hg at 25 deg C. Vapor-phase sorbic acid is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with ozone and photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals with an estimated half-life of about 5.2 and 7.6 hours, respectively. If released to soil, sorbic acid is expected to have high mobility based on an estimated K _{oc} of 130. Volatilization of sorbic acid from dry and moist soil surfaces is not expected to occur based on the estimated vapor pressure for this compound and an estimated Henry's Law constant of 5.0X10 ⁻⁸ atm-cu m/mole at 25 deg C, respectively. Sorbic acid was observed to biodegrade in soil suspensions. A pK _a of 4.76 indicates that sorbic acid will exist predominately in the ionized form under environmental pHs. If released into water, sorbic acid is not expected to adsorb to suspended solids and sediment in the water column based on the estimated K _{oc} of 130. Volatilization from water surfaces is not expected to occur based on an estimated Henry's Law constant of 5.0X10 ⁻⁸ atm-cu m/mole at 25 deg C and the pK _a for this compound. The potential for bioconcentration of sorbic acid in aquatic organisms is low based on an estimated BCF of 6.0. Biodegradation of sorbic acid in both soil and water is expected to be an important fate process for this compound. Anaerobic bacteria metabolized sorbic acid at a rate of 142 mg/l day. In the Zahn-Wellens test, 95% of the initial sorbic acid concentration was degraded within 6 days. Occupational exposure may occur through inhalation of dust particles and dermal contact with sorbic acid at workplaces where sorbic acid is produced or used. The general population will be exposed to sorbic acid via ingestion of food and dermal contact with other products containing sorbic acid.
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Section XIII. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local regional authorities. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.
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Section XIV. Transport Information

DOT Classification	Not a DOT controlled material (United States).
PIN Number	Not applicable.
Proper Shipping Name	Not applicable.
Packing Group (PG)	Not applicable.
DOT Pictograms	

Section XV. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

TSCA Chemical Inventory (EPA)	This product is NOT on the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory. The following notices are required by 40 CFR 720.36 (C) for those products not on the inventory list: (i) These products are supplied solely for use in research and development by or under the supervision of a technically qualified individual as defined in 40 CFR 720.0 et sec. (ii) The health risks of these products have not been fully determined. Any information that is or becomes available will be supplied on an MSDS sheet.
WHMIS Classification (Canada)	Not available.
EINECS Number (EEC)	Not available.
EEC Risk Statements	R20/21/22- Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R52- Harmful to aquatic organisms. R53- May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Japanese Regulatory Data	Not available.

Section XVI. Other Information

Version 1.0
Validated on 1/17/2012.
Printed 1/17/2012.

Notice to Reader

TCI laboratory chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our MSDS sheets are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated MSDS sheets for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, facial mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state, and local regulations.